### § 70.605

- (c) Claims relating to beer. The record of inventory of beer lost, made unmarketable, or condemned, which is required to support claims filed under \$70.603, shall show the following information:
- (1) Name and business address of claimant (as shown on claim, Form 2635 (5620.8)).
- (2) Address where the beer was lost, became unmarketable, or was condemned, if different from the business address.
  - (3) Number and size of barrels.
  - (4) For full cases, show:
  - (i) Number of cases;
  - (ii) Bottles or cans per case: and
- (iii) Size (in ounces) of bottles or cans.
- (5) Number and size of bottles and cans not in cases.
- (6) Quantity in terms of 31-gallon barrels.
- (7) Total quantity.
- (d) Special instructions. (1) Inventories of domestic liquors, imported liquors, and liquors manufactured in the Virgin Islands shall be reported separately.
- (2) Liquors manufactured in Puerto Rico may not be included in claims filed under this subpart. Claims for losses of Puerto Rican liquors shall be filed with the Secretary of the Treasury of Puerto Rico under the laws of Puerto Rico.

#### § 70.605 Claims relating to imported, domestic, and Virgin Islands liquors.

- (a) Claims involving taxes on domestic liquors, imported liquors, and liquors manufactured in the Virgin Islands must show the quantities of each separately in the claim.
- (b) A separate claim on Form 2635 (5620.8) must be filed for customs duties.

# $\S 70.606$ Claimant to furnish proof.

The claimant shall furnish proof to the satisfaction of the appropriate TTB officer regarding the following:

- (a) That the tax on the liquors, or the tax and duty if imported, was fully paid; or the tax, if not paid, was fully determined.
- (b) That the liquors were lost, made unmarketable, or condemned by a duly authorized official, by reason of dam-

- age sustained as a result of a disaster or other cause of loss specified in this subpart.
- (c) The type and date of occurrence of the disaster or other specified cause of loss, and the location of the liquors at the time.
- (d) That the claimant was not indemnified by a valid claim of insurance or otherwise for the tax, or tax and duty, on the liquors covered by the claim.
- (e) That the claimant is entitled to payment under this subpart.

## § 70.607 Supporting evidence.

- (a) The claimant shall support the claim with any evidence (such as inventories, statements, invoices, bills, records, labels, formulas, stamps) that is available to submit, relating to the quantities and identities of the liquors, on which duty has been paid or tax has been paid or determined, that were on hand at the time of the disaster or other specified cause of loss and alleged to have been lost, made unmarketable, or condemned as a result of it.
- (b) If the claim is for refund of duty, the claimant shall furnish, if possible:
  - (1) The customs number;
  - (2) The date of entry; and
  - (3) The name of the port of entry.

## § 70.608 Action on claims.

The appropriate TTB officer shall date stamp and examine each claim filed under this subpart and will determine the validity of the claim. Claims and supporting data involving customs duties will be forwarded to the Commissioner of Customs with a summary statement by the appropriate TTB officer regarding his or her findings.

DESTRUCTION OF LIQUORS

# § 70.609 Supervision.

When allowance has been made under this subpart for the tax and/or duty on liquors condemned by a duly authorized official or made unmarketable, the liquors shall be destroyed by suitable means under supervision satisfactory to the appropriate TTB officer, unless the liquors were previously destroyed under supervision satisfactory to the appropriate TTB officer. The Commissioner of Customs will notify the appropriate TTB officer as to allowance

under this subpart of claims for duty on unmarketable or condemned liquors.

#### PENALTIES

#### § 70.610 Penalties.

- (a) Penalties are provided in 26 U.S.C. 7206 for making any false or fraudulent statement under the penalties of perjury in support of any claim.
- (b) Penalties are provided in 26 U.S.C. 7207 for filing any false or fraudulent document under this subpart.
- (c) All laws and regulations, including penalties, which apply to internal revenue taxes on liquors shall, when appropriate, apply to payments made under this subpart the same as if the payments were actual refunds of internal taxes on liquors.

# Subpart H—Rules, Regulations and Forms

# $\S 70.701$ Rules and regulations.

- (a) Formulation, (1) Alcohol, tobacco, and firearms rules take various forms. The most important rules are issued as Treasury decisions, prescribed by the Administrator, and approved by the Secretary. Other rules may be issued over the signature of the Administrator or the signature of any appropriate TTB officer. The channeling of rules varies with the circumstances. Treasury decisions are prepared within the appropriate TTB offices. After approval by the Administrator, Treasury decisions are forwarded to the Secretary for further consideration and final approval.
- (2) Where required by 5 U.S.C. 553, the Administrator publishes in the FED-ERAL REGISTER general notice of proposed rules unless all persons subject thereto are named and either personally served or otherwise have actual notice thereof in accordance with law. Notice may also be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER in such other instances as may be desirable. This notice includes (i) a statement of the time, place, and nature of public rulemaking proceedings; (ii) reference to the authority under which the rule is proposed; and (iii) either the terms or substance of the proposed rule or a description of the subjects and issues in-

- volved. Interested persons may participate in the rulemaking by submitting written data, views, or arguments. Persons may also submit requests for a public hearing. However, the Bureau reserves the right to determine, in the light of all circumstances, whether a public hearing should be held.
- (3) If the Bureau determines that the public good will be served thereby, it may hold a public hearing for discussion of the issues raised by the proposed regulations. Such a hearing is announced by a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, stating the time and place where the hearing is to be held. The following rules govern the conduct of the public hearing only if incorporated by reference in the notice announcing the hearing:
- (i) A person wishing to make oral comments at a public hearing shall submit, within the time prescribed in the notice of hearing, an outline of the topics he wishes to discuss, and the time he wishes to devote to each topic. Ordinarily, a period of 10 minutes is the time allotted to each person for making his oral comments.
- (ii) A person making oral comments should be prepared to answer questions not only on the topics listed in his outline but also on matters relating to any written comments which he has submitted.
- (iii) At the conclusion of the presentation of comments of persons listed in the agenda, to the extent time permits, other comments will be received.
- (iv) Written comments submitted prior to the hearing shall be available at the hearing for inspection. Any request for copies of such written comments is treated as a request for records under 27 CFR 70.802(g).
- (v) To the extent resources permit, the public hearings to which this paragraph applies may be transcribed.
- (vi) In unusual circumstances or for good cause shown, the application of rules contained in this paragraph may be waived.
- (b) Comments on proposed rules. Interested persons may submit data, views, or arguments with respect to a notice of proposed rulemaking published pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553. Procedures are provided in §70.802(g) for members of the public to inspect and obtain copies